

FAX Completed Form To 1 (800) 574-2515 Provider Help Desk 1 (877) 776-1567

(PLEASE PRINT – ACCURACY IS IMPORTANT)

IA Medicaid Member ID #	Patient name	DOB		
Patient address				
Provider NPI	Prescriber name	Phone		
Prescriber address		Fax		
Pharmacy name	Address	Phone		
-				
Prescriber must complete all information above. It must be legible, correct, and complete or form will be returned.				
Pharmacy NPI	Pharmacy fax N	DC		

Prior authorization is required for IL-5 antagonists. Requests will not be considered with concurrent use with another monoclonal antibody. Payment for a non-preferred agent will be authorized only for cases in which there is documentation of a previous trial and therapy failure with a preferred agent. Payment will be considered when patient has an FDA approved or compendia indication for the requested drug under the following conditions:

- Request adheres to all FDA approved labeling for requested drug and indication, including age, dosing, contraindications, warnings and precautions, drug interactions, and use in specific populations; and
- 2. Patient has a diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype; and
  - a. Patient has a pretreatment blood eosinophil count of ≥150 cells/mcL within the previous 6 weeks or blood eosinophils of ≥300 cells/mcL within 12 months prior to initiation of therapy; and
  - b. Symptoms are inadequately controlled with documentation of current treatment with a high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) given in combination with a controller medication (long-acting beta2-agonist [LABA] and leukotriene receptor antagonist [LTRA]) for a minimum of 3 consecutive months, with or without oral corticosteroids. Patient must be compliant with therapy, based on pharmacy claims; and
  - c. Patient has a history of two (2) or more exacerbations in the previous year despite regular use of high-dose ICS plus a LABA and LTRA; and
  - d. A pretreatment forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV<sub>1</sub>) <80% predicted in adults and < 90% in adolescents; or
- 3. Patient has a diagnosis of eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis; and
  - a. Patient has documentation of an adequate trial and therapy failure with systemic glucocorticoids; and
  - b. One of the following:
    - i. Eosinophil count > 1000 cells/mcL; or
    - ii. Eosinophil count > 10% of the total leukocyte count; or
- 4. Patient has a diagnosis of hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES); and
  - a. Patient has been diagnosed with HES for ≥ 6 months prior to starting treatment; and
  - b. Documentation that non-hematologic secondary causes of HES have been ruled out; and
  - c. Documentation patient does not have FIP1L1-PDGFRα kinase-positive HES; and
  - d. Documentation of ≥ 2 HES flares within the previous 12 months while on stable HES therapy (e.g., chronic or episodic oral corticosteroids, immunosuppressive, or cytotoxic therapy); and
  - e. Patient has a blood eosinophil count ≥ 1,000 cells/mcL; and
  - f. Medication will be used in combination with stable doses of at least one other HES therapy; or
- 5. Patient has a diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP); and
  - a. Documentation mepolizumab will be used as an add-on maintenance treatment with a nasal corticosteroid spray; and
  - b. Documentation of an adequate trial and therapy failure with at least one preferred medication from each of the following categories:
    - Nasal corticosteroid spray; and
    - ii. Oral corticosteroid; or
- 6. Patient has a diagnosis of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) with an eosinophilic phenotype; and
  - a. Patient has moderate to very severe airflow limitation, measured within the past 12 months, as evidenced by both of the following:
    - i. FEV<sub>1</sub>/FVC ratio < 0.7, and
    - ii. FEV<sub>1</sub>% predicted of 20% and 80%; and
  - b. Patient has a minimum blood eosinophil count of 150 cells/mcL, measured within the past 12 months; and
  - c. Patient has documentation of maximal inhaled therapy for 3 or more months and an inadequate response to therapy with:

i. Triple therapy with all of the following treatments:

470-5424 (Rev 1/26) Page 1 of 6

(PLEASE PRINT - ACCURACY IS IMPORTANT)

- 1. Long-acting muscarinic antagonist/anticholinergic (LAMA); and
- 2. Long-acting beta2-agonist (LABA); and
- 3. Inhaled corticosteroid (ICS); or
- ii. Double therapy with both of the following if ICS is contraindicated:
  - 1. LABA, and
  - 2. LAMA; and
- d. Patient has a history of at least 2 moderate or 1 severe exacerbation(s) in the previous 12 months despite receiving maximal triple therapy or double therapy (defined above). Moderate exacerbation is defined as patient required treatment with systemic corticosteroids and/or antibiotics and severe exacerbation is defined as hospitalization or observation for over 24 hours in an emergency department or urgent care facility; and
- e. Documentation mepolizumab will be used as an add-on maintenance treatment with triple or double therapy (as defined above); and
- 7. Medication will be administered in the patient's home; and
- 8. Prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist, hematologist, immunologist, otolaryngologist, pulmonologist, or rheumatologist.

If the criteria for coverage are met, an initial authorization will be given for 3 months for a diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype and eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis, 6 months for a diagnosis of hypereosinophilic syndrome or CRSwNP, or 12 months for a diagnosis of COPD to assess the need for continued therapy. Requests for continuation of therapy will be based on continued medical necessity and will be considered when the following criteria are met:

#### Severe Asthma with an Eosinophilic Phenotype:

- 1. Patient continues to receive therapy with an ICS, LABA and LTRA; and
- 2. Patient has experienced a reduction in asthma signs and symptoms including wheezing, chest tightness, coughing, shortness of breath; or
- 3. Patient has experienced a decrease in administration of rescue medication (albuterol); or
- 4. Patient has experienced a decrease in exacerbation frequency; or
- 5. Patient has experienced an increase in predicted FEV<sub>1</sub> from the pretreatment baseline.

#### **Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis:**

1. Patient has demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (increase in remission time).

#### Hypereosinophilic Syndrome:

- 1. Patient has demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvement of symptoms and/or reduction in the number of flares); and
- 2. Medication continues to be used in combination with stable doses of at least one other HES therapy.

#### **Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps (CRSwNP):**

- 1. Patient has demonstrated positive clinical response to therapy (improvement in symptoms); and
- 2. Continues to receive medication as add-on maintenance therapy with a nasal corticosteroid spray.

#### **Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)**

- 1. Patient has demonstrated positive clinical response to therapy; and
- 2. Continues to receive add-on maintenance therapy with triple or double therapy (as defined above).

The required trials may be overridden when documented evidence is provided that the use of these agents would be medically contraindicated.

☐ Nucala Auto-Injector	☐ Nucala Prefilled Syr	inge
Dosage Instructions	Quantity	Days Supply
hematologist, immunologist, otola	ryngologist, pulmonologist, c	or rheumatologist?
	Dosage Instructions	

470-5424 (Rev 1/26) Page 2 of 6

# Request for Prior Authorization IL-5 ANTAGONISTS (PLEASE PRINT – ACCURACY IS IMPORTANT)

	No it no, note consultation with specialist:				
	nsultation Date: Physician Name, Specialty & Phone:				
	II the patient be taking requested medication in combination with an II the medication be administered in the patient's home? $\Box$ No $\Box$	· — —			
	Severe Asthma with an Eosinophilic Phenotype:				
	Pretreatment blood eosinophil count (attach lab): OR	Date Obtained:			
	Blood eosinophil count obtained within 12 months prior to initiation Date Obtained:	n of treatment (attach lab):			
	Pretreatment Baseline ppFEV₁:	Date Obtained:			
	Document current use of:				
	High-dose inhaled corticosteroid: Drug Name:	Strength:			
	Dosing Instructions:	Trial start date:			
	Long-Acting Beta2-Agonist: Drug Name:	Strength:			
	Dosing Instructions:				
	Leukotriene Receptor Antagonist: Drug Name:  Dosing Instructions:	Strength: Trial start date:			
	Does patient have a history of two (2) or more exacerbations in the dose ICS plus a LABA and LTRA?   No Yes (provide dates):				
	Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis:				
	Document trial of systemic glucocorticoid: Drug Name:	Strength:			
	Dosing Instructions:	Trial start & end date:			
	Pretreatment blood eosinophil count (attach lab):	Date Obtained:			
	Eosinophil count > 10% of the total leukocyte count (attach lab):	Date Obtained:			
	Hypereosinophilic Syndrome:				
	Has patient been diagnosed with HES for ≥ 6 months prior to starting treatment?  ☐ No ☐ Yes Date of diagnosis:				
	Have non-hematologic secondary causes of HES been ruled out? ☐ No ☐ Yes				
	Does patient have FIP1L1-PDGFRα kinase-positive HES?  No Yes				
	Has patient had ≥ 2 HES flares within the previous 12 months while on stable HES therapy?				
	☐ No				
	Yes Provide dates of HES flares:				
	HES therapy & dates of therapy:				

470-5424 (Rev 1/26) Page 3 of 6

(PLEASE PRINT – ACCURACY IS IMPORTANT)

Does patient have a blood eosinophil count ≥ 1,000 cells /mcL? [	☐ No ☐ Yes Date obtained:	
Will medication be used in combination with stable doses of at le ☐ No ☐ Yes Drug Name & Dosing Instructions:		
CRSwNP:		
Will mepolizumab be used as an add-on maintenance treatment v ☐ No ☐ Yes; Provide Drug Name & Dose:	, ,	
Document at least one preferred drug trial from each of the following of	categories:	
Nasal corticosteroid spray: Drug Name:	Strength:	
Dosing Instructions:	Trial start date:	
Oral corticosteroid: Drug Name:	Strength:	
Dosing Instructions:	Trial start date:	
COPD with an eosinophilic phenotype:		
Provide all of the following information:		
FEV1/FVC ratio: Date obtained:		
FEV1 % predicted: Date obtained: _		
Blood eosinophil count: Date obtain	ned:	
Trial information:  LABA Trial:  Name/dose:	Trial dates:	
Failure reason/medical contraindication:		
LAMA Trial:		
Name/dose:	Trial dates:	
Failure reason/medical contraindication:		
ICS Trial:		
Name/dose:	Trial dates:	
Failure reason/medical contraindication:		
Document exacerbations:		
Moderate:		
Date: Treatment needed:		
Date: Treatment needed:		

470-5424 (Rev 1/26) Page 4 of 6

(PLEASE PRINT - ACCURACY IS IMPORTANT)

Date:	oolizumab?  No Yes all that apply):  Date Obtained:
Yes	☐ No ☐ Yes all that apply):Date Obtained:
Yes	☐ No ☐ Yes all that apply):Date Obtained:
Does patient continue to receive therapy with an ICS, LABA and LTRA?   No  Please indicate if the patient has experienced any of the following (check all th	all that apply): Date Obtained:
Does patient continue to receive therapy with an ICS, LABA and LTRA?   No Please indicate if the patient has experienced any of the following (check all the Reduction in asthma signs and symptoms including:	all that apply): Date Obtained:
Please indicate if the patient has experienced any of the following (check all th  Reduction in asthma signs and symptoms including:  wheezing chest tightness coughing shortness of breath Decrease in administration of rescue medications (albuterol) Decrease in exacerbation frequency Increase in ppFEV1 from the pretreatment baseline Current ppFEV1:  Please describe:  Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (increase in r) No Yes, please describe:  Hypereosinophilic Syndrome:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen reduction in the number of flares)? No Yes, please describe:  Is medication being used in combination with stable doses of at least one othe No Yes Drug Name: Dosing Instructions:  CCRSWNP:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen No	all that apply): Date Obtained:
Reduction in asthma signs and symptoms including:  wheezing chest tightness coughing shortness of breath Decrease in administration of rescue medications (albuterol) Decrease in exacerbation frequency Increase in ppFEV1 from the pretreatment baseline Current ppFEV1:  Please describe:  Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (increase in recomply lease describe:  Hypereosinophilic Syndrome:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen reduction in the number of flares)?  No Yes, please describe:  Is medication being used in combination with stable doses of at least one othe No Yes Drug Name: Dosing Instructions:  CRSwNP:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen No	Date Obtained:
Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (increase in response to therapy (increase in response to therapy (increase in response describe:    No	
Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (increase in reaction in the patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvement reduction in the number of flares)?  No Yes, please describe:  Is medication being used in combination with stable doses of at least one othe No Yes Drug Name: Dosing Instructions:  CRSwNP:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvement not provement not pro	
Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen reduction in the number of flares)?  No Yes, please describe:  Is medication being used in combination with stable doses of at least one othe No Yes Drug Name:  Dosing Instructions:  CRSwNP:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen No	
Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen reduction in the number of flares)?  No Yes, please describe:  Is medication being used in combination with stable doses of at least one othe No Yes Drug Name:  CRSwNP:  Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen No	
□ No □ Yes Drug Name:Dosing Instructions:         CRSwNP:         Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen □ No	• •
□ No □ Yes □ Drug Name:	e other HES therapy?
Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen No	· ·
Has patient demonstrated a positive clinical response to therapy (improvemen No	
	<del> </del>

470-5424 (Rev 1/26) Page 5 of 6

(PLEASE PRINT - ACCURACY IS IMPORTANT)

<u>cc</u>	OPD:					
	Has patie	ent demonst	rated a pos	itive clinical	respo	onse to therapy?
	☐ No [	] Yes, pleas	e describe:			
	Does pat	ient continu	e to receive	e add-on maiı	ntena	nce therapy with triple or double therapy?
	☐ No	Yes; P	ovide Drug	Name & Dose	e:	
Medica	al or contrai	indication rea	ason to over	ride trial requir	emer	its:
Attach	ı lab result	s and other	documenta	ntion as neces	ssary	·.
Presc	riber signat	ure (Must ma	tch prescribe	r listed above.)	)	Date of submission

IMPORTANT NOTE: In evaluating requests for prior authorization the consultant will consider the treatment from the standpoint of medical necessity only. If approval of this request is granted, this does not indicate that the member continues to be eligible for Medicaid. It is the responsibility of the provider who initiates the request for prior authorization to establish by inspection of the member's Medicaid eligibility card and, if necessary, by contact with the county Department of Health and Human Services, that the member continues to be eligible for Medicaid.

470-5424 (Rev 1/26) Page 6 of 6